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Admission to Devín Castle is free of charge with Bratislava CARD.

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Official Bratisla



Bratislava Tourist Board

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So Much To Do

During the main tourist season,

the castle offers many activities



Interesting Sites in the Area

- → The 13th century **Holy Cross church** in Dev'n. A burial site from Great Moravian times was discovered in its vicinity. Statutes of Saints Cyril and Methodius stand in front of the church. It is a stop on the cross-border **European Cultural Route of Saints Cyril and Methodius** (www.cyril-methodius.eu).
- → The Gate of Freedom memorial at the confluence of the Morava and the Danube is dedicated to those killed by the totalitarian Czechoslovak regime while attempting to cross the fortified border with Austria – the Iron Curtain.

→ The international cycle route Eurovelo 13 – the Iron Curtain Trail – passes under Dev'n Castle. Its Slovak section from the border crossing Hohenau - Moravský Sv. Ján is 87 km long and runs in a unique natural landscape beside the River Morava. There is also an educa-



tional trail by the river with 39 stations that can be followed on foot or by bike. The **Cycling Bridge of Freedom** straddles the River Morava at **Devínská Nová Ves.** Many people like to visit the **sandstone cliffs at Sandberg**, where fossilised sea creatures have been found.

Devin Castle is a few minutes by car from the centre of Bratislava and there is a free carpark at the foot of the castle. You can also take bus 29 from the SNP Bridge to a stop under Devin Castle. Adventurous visitors can travel by bicycle or by boat from the city centre (lod.sk).

	OPENNING HOURS	Main season May – September	Off-season April + October	Winter season November – March
	Monday to Sunday	10:00 - 19:00	10:00 - 17:00	10:00 - 16:00

* Last admissions half an hour before closing time.

* In winter the indoor areas (exhibitions, toilets) are closed, but the castle grounds are still open. The whole site is closed in unfavourable conditions such as snow or freezing weather.

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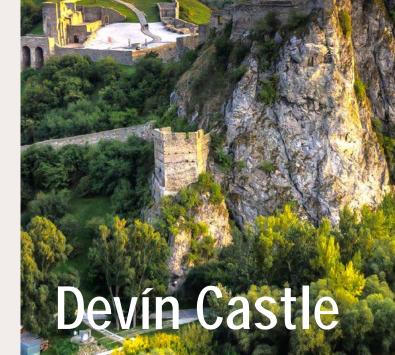
MÚZEUM MESTA WIJSINW BRATISLAVA BRATISLAVA

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BRATISLAVA



→ History and Nature
→ A Tower with a Story
→ Jousting Knights

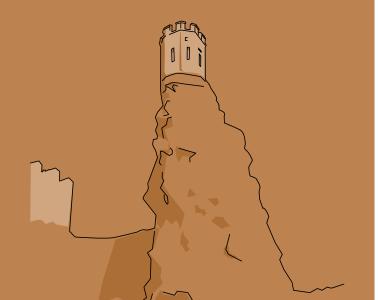
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Devín

The ruined castle that stands on the rocky peak (212 m a.s.l.) above the confluence of the Danube and the **Morava** is one of the most important historical and archaeological sites in Central Europe. It also offers a unique view of an **enchanting landscape**. It is a **nation**al cultural heritage monument managed by the Bratislava City Museum in the Bratislava borough of Dev'n, 12 km from the city centre.

History in a Nutshell

from the Neolithic Age to modern times. The **Celts** occupied Devín from the end of the first century BC and left many traces of their mature culture. From the first century AD, they were replaced by a **Germanic population** that established contacts with the **Roman Empire.** Dev'n had great significance as the crossroads of the northsouth Amber Road and the trade route following the **River Danube.** The Migration Period left fewer traces at Dev'n, the most famous being a charred loaf of bread.





Dev'n first appears in written to 1521 the counts of Svätý Jur and Pezinok owned the castle. In sources in 864, when it is referred to in the Annals of Fulda as Dowi-1527 it was granted to Stephen na. In the Great Moravian period, Báthory, Palatine of Hungary. It Dev'n was a **strategic military** remained in the Báthory family fortress. Important finds from until 1605. The last noble family to this period include the foundaown the castle were the Pálffys, tions of a church and a small adwho acquired it in 1635. They did joining cemetery used by the upnot make any major changes to it, however. In 1809, during the per classes. There was probably a stone castle at Devín in the first Napoleon Wars, French soldiers third of the 13th century. The caslaid explosives under the castle tle and village flourished in the and blew it to pieces. In 1932 the early 15th century when the cas-Pálffys sold Devín Castle to the tle was held by Nicholas Garai, Czechoslovak Republic for a sym-Palatine of Hungary. From 1460 bolic 1,000 crowns.

Nature

To the north of the castle, the Little Carpathian mountain range rises, including the peak Devínska Kobyla (514 m), which is part of a national nature reserve. There are more than 460 species of plant on the castle hill at Dev'n including several and endangered species such as artemisia austriaca and dianthus praecox lumnitzeri. You may see **lizards** and **grass** snakes, or birds like the northern wheateater and white wagtail: kestrels nest in the cliff face below the castle.



hosts a **permanent exhibition**

telling the story of the castle in

the medieval and modern peri-

ods, and a geological exhibition

highlighting the traces left by the

sea that covered the area in the

Tertiary period.

Exhibitions at the Castle

The castle's six-hectare area is divided into the lower, middle and upper castles. It includes the **pre**served remains and illustrative reconstructions of buildings from the Roman, Great Moravian, medieval and modern periods accompanied by bilingual infor-

mation panels. Since Dev'n Castle was destroyed in 1809, it has no indoor rooms and there is limited space for exhibitions. In the courtyard of the middle castle, the cellars of the Renaissance palace have been restored to host short-term exhibitions of archaeological finds from the castle and its surroundings. The castle well in the courtyard dates from the 15th century and is 55 m deep. During reconstruction of the upper castle in 1990, several caves were discovered by chance which may have been used as places for

The sea sand in an abrasion fissure in the caves of the upper castle is evidence that there was sea here 16 million years ago.

refuge and storage. At present it



An Endless Panorama

From the lookout platform atop the recently reconstructed upper castle, you can see a beautiful panorama encompassing the lower castle, the confluence of the Danube and the Morava, the Devínska Kobyla mountain and parts of Austria. The border is in the middle of the Danube. The viewing platform has a telescope and a sketch map of visible landmarks.

A Tower with a Story

One of the highlights of the castle is the elegant tower called the Maiden Tower or the Nun, about which many stories are told. One tells how Nicholas, the lord of Dev'n, fell in love with Margaret of Carinthia. Her father refused his consent, but the young man eloped with Margaret to Dev'n Castle, where everything was ready for their marriage. They had just made their vows in the chapel when the girl's uncle arrived with his men-at-arms. The newlyweds sheltered in the narrow tower on the cliffs, but the outnumbered Nicholas was killed and Margaret, overcome by grief, threw herself into the Danube.

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An interesting feature of the confluence is the different colours of the waters

